

## ۄٱللَّهِٱلرَّحُمْزَٱلرِّحِيمِ

## By Allah's name Ar-Rahman Ar-Raheem (The Multitudinous Mercy Giver)

1. Alif. Lam. Meem¹.	الَّمَرْ ١
2. Have reckoned the mankind that they <sup>z</sup> (be) left to say	أُحَسِبَ ٱلنَّاسِ أَن يُتْرَكُوۤا أَن
they <sup>z</sup> we believed while they ( <i>are</i> ) not ( <i>to be</i> ) essayed they <sup>z</sup> .	يَقُولُواْ ءَامَنَّا وَهُمْ لَا يُفْتَنُونَ ٢
3. And lagad (verily, already and affirmatively) We essayed	وَلَقَدُ فَتَنَّا ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلهمْ
whom of before them; so surely assuredly knows	وُلُقُدُ قُلْنَا اللهُ ٱلَّذِينَ صَدَقُواْ فَلْيَعْلَمَنَ ٱللهُ ٱلَّذِينَ صَدَقُواْ
Allah who <sup>r</sup> ssadago (always enforced the truth they <sup>2</sup> ) and	وَلَيَعْلَمُنَّ ٱلْكَندُبِينَ ﴿
surely assuredly (to) know [He] the liars.  4. Or reckoned who <sup>r</sup> work they <sup>z</sup> the sayye'aa'te <sup>w</sup>	
(demeritorious-deeds) wto surpass Us; fouled what they	أُمْ حَسِبَٱلَّذِينَ يَعْمَلُونَ ٱلسَّيَّاتِ
rule.	أَن يُسْبِقُونَا سَآءَمَا تَحُكُمُونَ ٥
5. Whoever [was] yarjo³ (fears/hopes-for [he]) Allah's leqa'a	مَن كَانَ يَرْجُواْ لِقَآءَ ٱللَّهِ فَإِنَّ
(meet) then verily Allah's ajala4 (term-limit) (is) surely	
aa'ten * (approaching/coming) *; and He (is) The Sameeo <sup>5</sup> (The Acute-Hearer/The Enabler of others to hear-/favorable	أَجَلَ ٱللَّهِ لَأَتِ ۚ وَهُو ٱلسَّمِيعُ
Answerer to prayer), The Omniscient.	ٱلْعَلِيدُ ۞
6.Andwhoever <i>jahada(he had exerted his utmost mental, physical</i>	وَمَن جَنِهَدُ فَإِنَّمَا يُجُنِهِدُ
and possessional efforts fighting/striving in Allah's cause),	لِنَفْسِهِ ] اللهُ لَغَنيُ عَن
so verily only you jahedo (he makes jahada) for himself <sup>w</sup> ;	العَلَمِينَ ٢
verily, Allah ( <i>is</i> ) surely Rich, <i>a'n</i> ( <i>regarding</i> ) the worlds.  7. And who <sup>r</sup> believed they <sup>z</sup> and worked the righteous-	
work w they z surely assuredly [We] expiate a'n (off)	وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا ٱلصَّالِحَاتِ
them their sayye'aa'te $^{w}$ (demeritorious-deeds) $^{w}$ and $[We]$	لَنُكَفِّرَنَّ عَنْهُمْ سَيِّعَاتِهِمْ وَلَنَجْزِيَنَّهُمْ
surely assuredly requite them ahsa'na <sup>7</sup> (perfecter and	أَحْسَنَ ٱلَّذِي كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿
beautifuler) (thanwhat) they were working.  8. And We enjoined the mankind by his both begetters	
(parents) (to treat them) husnan <sup>8</sup> (ultimate meritorious deed);	وَوَصَّيْنَا ٱلْإِنسَانَ بِوَالِدَيْهِ حُسْنًا
and en (if) both jahadaka (both exerted their utmost mental,	وَإِن جَهَدَاكَ لِتُشْرِكَ بِي مَا
physicalandpossessionalefforts fighting you <sup>g</sup> ) to [you <sup>s</sup> ] partner	
(other deities) by Me what not for you g by it x a	لَيْسَ لَكَ بِهِ عِلْمٌ فَلَا تُطِعْهُمَا

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for a commentary on this.
<sup>2</sup> The "التأكيد" in both cases are juratory "التأكيد" amounting to= "التأكيد"," i.e. affirmation, expressed in

both cases by "assuredly"

3 The word "يرجو" from "برجا" which stands for several meanings: (1) fear, (2) hope; (3) want! See القرطبي, and الهادي , اللسان Almost all Qur'an commentators are unanimous that in this Ayah it means: feared!

4 The word "الأجل " means term-limit, see "الأجل"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for this multi-meaning word "Same'o"= "المُسْمِع"

<sup>6</sup> The "ال "in "المُسْمِع" and "الْبَخِرِين" in both cases are juratory "ل القسم" amounting to= "المُسْمِع", i.e. affirmation, expressed in both cases by "assuredly"

<sup>7</sup> There is no English word for احسن = absane! Both words perfecter and beautifuler are in their adjective sense!

is for the parts of the body and other things! See الجمال I cannot find a suitable word in English for "="ultimate beauty and adornment"! That is the begotten should try genuinely to have an attitude of treating the begetter-parents with ultimate beauty and adornment!

knowledge, then let-not [yous] obey them both; to Me, (is) your n return; then ona'bbe'o ([I] inform by piece-ofsignificant-and-availing-news) you by what you c were working.

9. And who they believed and worked the righteousworks w they [We] surely assuredly admit them [in] the ssa'leheena (righteous-people).

- 10. And of the mankind who<sup>p</sup> says [he]: aa'manna (we believed) by Allah; then if (had been) annoyed [he] in Allah, [he] made the mankind's essay w like Allah's torment; and la'en (indeed if) came a victory from your Lord, surely assuredly say they : verily we were [we] with you b; is not Allah surely knowinger by what (is) in the worlds' chests.
- 11. And to surely assuredly know Allah who r they z believed and to surely assuredly know [He] the hypocrites.
- 12. And said whor unbelieved they to whom believed they<sup>z</sup>: ettabe'ao (let-closely-follow you<sup>z</sup>) our path; and letbear [we] your errors w; and not they (are) bearing of their errors of a thing; verily they (are) sure liars.
- 13. And let-assuredly<sup>10</sup> bear they <sup>z</sup> their heavies and heavies with their heavies; and let-assuredly<sup>11</sup> (be) asked they <sup>z</sup> The *Oeyamatey's* (*Judgment's*) Day *a'nma* (regarding) what they were yaftarona (they craft a lie for fraudulent end).
- 14. And lagad (verily, already and affirmatively) We sent Noohan (Noah) to his people and waited [he] in them a thousand-year w except fifty aa'manw12 (years but referring to specific anniversaries) then took them the flood while they (were) dha'lemoona (injustice-doers).
- 15. Then We delivered him and the Ark's companions while We made it w an Aya'tanw (sign/proof) for the worlds.
- 16. And Ebraheema (Abraham) edh (when/since) [he] said to his people: let-worship you<sup>z</sup> Allah and ettaqoho (letreverentially guard you<sup>z</sup> against His displeasure); tha'lekum (collective-afar-that) (is) khayron (choicer/superior/worthier) for you<sup>b</sup>, en(if) you<sup>c</sup> were [knowing].
- 17. Verily only you worship of lesser than/without Allah idols and you<sup>z</sup> create efkan<sup>x</sup> (slanderous-fabrication-/specious concoction) x; verily whom you worship of lesser than/without Allah not possess they<sup>z</sup> for you<sup>b</sup> a rez'gan<sup>x</sup> (victuals for sustenance)<sup>x</sup>; so ebtagho (let-earnestly

عُكُمۡ فَأُنَبُئُكُم بِمَا كُنتُمۡ

وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُو أَوَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَيت لَنُدُ خِلَّنَّهُمْ فِي ٱلصَّلِحِينَ ٢

وَمِنَ ٱلنَّاسِ مَن يَقُولُ ءَامَّنَّا بِٱللَّهِ فَإِذَآأُوذِيَ فِي ٱللَّهِ حَعَلَ فَتُنَةً ٱلنَّاسِ بِٱللَّهِ وَلَينِ جَآءَ نَصْرٌ مِّن رَّبِّكَ كُنَّا مَعَكُمْ أُولَيْسَ ٱللَّهُ بأعْلَمُ بِمَا فِي صُدُورِ ٱلْعَالَمِينَ 🕾 وَلَيُعْلَمُنَّ اللَّهُ ٱلَّذِيرِ ﴿ وَامُّنُهُ أَ وَلَيَعْلَمُ أَلَمُنَافِقِيرٍ 🔾 🟐 وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وِٱللَّذِيرِ ﴾ ءَامَنُو أ

أسبيلنا ولنحمل خطيككم بچئملىر 🕥 من خطب إنهُمُ لَكُنْدُبُورِ ﴾

مُ رزقا فَأَنْتَغُه أَ عندُ

<sup>9</sup> The "لندخلنّ" in Ayah 9 and "النقولنّ" in Ayah 9 "الندخلنّ" in Ayah 10, and "الندخلنّ" in "لندخلن " in "لندخلن " in "لندخلن " in "ل "i.e. affirmation, expressed in all cases by "assuredly" التأكيد" amounting to= "القسم "i.e. affirmation, expressed in all cases by "assuredly" ("ئا") The "نا" is a "فسم" is a "ليحملن" is a "ليحملن" or "القرآن، لمحمود صافي

<sup>12</sup> The word aa'am = 2 = year but in reference to an anniversary!

quest you<sup>z</sup>) enda (by munificence of/by Rule of) Allah the rez'gax (=rez'gan)x and let-worship Him youz and letthank you<sup>z</sup> for Him; to Him you<sup>z</sup> (shall be) returned. 18. And en(if) you<sup>z</sup> deny, so gad (already and affirmatively) denied *Umamum*<sup>w</sup>(peoples/communities)<sup>w</sup>of before you<sup>b</sup>; and not on the messenger except the announcement the manifester. 19. Have [and]<sup>13</sup> not seen they how Allah begins the creation<sup>x</sup>; afterwards [He] repeats it<sup>x</sup>; verily tha'leka  $(afar-that-it/)^x$  on Allah (is) easy. 20. Let-say [yous]: let-tread you in the Earth then letlook you<sup>z</sup> how [He] began the creation; afterwards Allah institutes the genesis-she y14 the last-she y; verily Allah (is) on everything Omnipotent. 21. Torments [He] whom [He] wills and yarhamo (mercygives) [He] whom [He] wills and to Him (are to be) transposed you<sup>z</sup>. 22. And neither you<sup>f</sup> (are) surely enfeeblers in the Earth<sup>w</sup> and nor in the Heaven w; and neither for you b of lesser than/without Allah of a wa'leyen (guardian/ally) and nor na'sseren (iterative succorer). 23. And who runbelieved they by Allah's Aya'te (miracles-/ signs/proofs) and His lega'a (meet), those despaired they z from Mymercy<sup>w</sup>; those for them(*is*) the painful torment. 24. So not [was] his people's answer except that they<sup>z</sup> said: let-kill him you<sup>z</sup> or harregoho (let-iteratively burn أن قَالُواْ ٱقَّتُلُوهُ أَوۡ حَرِّقُوهُ فَأَخِيَهُ him you<sup>2</sup>); then delivered him Allah from the fire<sup>w</sup>; ً آلنّار verily in tha'leka (afar-that-it/) x surely (are) Aya'tenw (miracles/signs/proofs) for a believing people. 25. And said [he]: verily only ittak hath tom 15 (took and presumed you z) of lesser than/without Allah idols, affection w among you b in the life w (of) the world w; afterwards The *Devamatey's*<sup>w</sup> (*Judgment's*) Day unbelieves some (of) youb by some; and curses some (of) youb some; and your<sup>n</sup> abode/lodging (is) The Fire<sup>w</sup>; and not for you<sup>b</sup> of na'ssereena (iterative succorers). وقالَ إِنَّى مُهَاحِيًّا verily عَلَيْهِ مُهَاحِيًّا 26. Then believed for him Lootton (Lott) and said [he]: verily I am an emigrant to my Lord; verily He (is) The آلَهُ: يَا ٱلْحُكِيمُ اللَّهِ الْحُكِيمُ اللَّهِ الْحُكِيمُ اللَّهِ الْحُكِيمُ اللَّهِ الْحُكِيمُ اللَّهِ الْحُكِيمُ اللَّهِ اللَّ MightyTheHakeemo<sup>16</sup>(infinite hekmah<sup>17</sup> Possessor).

13 The Arabic interrogative-castigatory particle "أولم" (implying negation) is made up of three parts (أ), (ع), (هـ) "," meaning: does it, referring to the fact, or sound logic of the evidence or clear situation. The (3) = (and) component is (3) of coupling which normally commences the sentence! However, because there is an interrogative particle which takes precedence for beginning a sentence! It implies why they have not done proper examination of all the facts and considered the proper decision accordingly! See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for elaboration!

<sup>14</sup> The word "النشاة" "genesis w" in Arabic is feminine, so its qualifier must be likewise! Hence both!

15 The word "التخان" from "التخان" from "التخان" from "التخان" for "التخان" as stated in السان العرب therefore, "التخان" is always taking and presuming some-thing about what was taken! Thus, it is not just the mere taking!

<sup>&</sup>quot;احكيم" and "احكيم" and "احكيم" and "احكيم" and "احكيم"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "hekma!"

27. And We granted for him *Is'haqa* (*Isaac*) and *Ya'aqooba* (*Jacob*); and Wemadeinhisprogeny the prophethood and the book; and aa'taynaho (We accorded him) his remuneration in the world w; and verily he (is) in the Hereafter surely of the ssa'leheena (righteous-people).

28. And Loottan (Lott) edh (when/since) [he] said for his people: verily you b surely ta'atona x (you zcommit/perpetrate) x the profanity w18 not preceded you by it w

of an ahaden<sup>19</sup> (a lone/any-one) of the worlds.

29. Verilyyou<sup>b</sup>ta'atona<sup>x</sup>(you<sup>z</sup>come onto/have sexual intercourse with) x the men and you z [cut] the path and ta'atonax (commit/perpetrate you<sup>2</sup>) in na'dee (meeting place/association-/guild/club) you<sup>n</sup> the munkara (rationally objectionable or Sharev'ah prohibited deed); then not [was] his people's answer except that said they z: let-come (to) us [yous] by Allah's torment en (if) you c were of the ssa'degeena (always truth enforcers).

30. Said [he]: my Lord, let-succor me [Yous] over the people the corrupters.

31. And lamma (when/whence) came w Our messengers Ebraheema (Abraham) by the bushra<sup>w</sup> (pleasing-tiding) w<sup>20</sup> they z said: verily we (are) muhleko (perishing/causers to perish) this with e village's w21 folks w; verily its w folks were dha'lemeena<sup>22</sup> (injustice-doers).

32. Said [he]: verily in it Loottan (Lott); they said: we (are) knowinger by whom<sup>p</sup> (are) in it<sup>w</sup>; surely we assuredly<sup>23</sup> deliver him and his family except his woman (wife), was-she<sup>y</sup> of the *gha'bereena* (residuum/remnants).

33. And *lamma (when/whence*) that came-she <sup>y</sup> Our messengers \* Loottan (Lott), displeased<sup>24</sup> [he] by them and straitened [he] by them thar'an<sup>25</sup> (measure-/capacity) and they said: let-not fear [vous] and let-not sadden[you<sup>s</sup>]; verily we (are) Monajjo (iterative deliverers) youg and your family we except your woman (wife), was-she<sup>y</sup> of the *gha'bereena* (residuum/remnants).

34. Verily We (are) munzeloona<sup>26</sup> (we are causers of the descending) on this [the] village's w folk w reizan<sup>27</sup> (successive:

وَجَعَلْنَا فِي ذُرِّيَّتِهِ ٱلنُّبُوَّةَ وَٱلْكَتَارِ قَوْمِهِۦٓ الْآ أَن قَالُواْ آئَتِنَا بِعَذَابِ

رَبِ عُلِي أَهُل هَادُهُ

<sup>&</sup>quot; = "profanity" means vulgar or irreverent say or action, i.e. excess of ugliness in statement or action by an entity, a person or a group, committing Allah's proscriptions! Some times the word "فاحشة" or "فاحشة" is euphemistically used to mean adultery or fornication or homosexuality, as in this context!

<sup>19</sup> See the Lexicon attached to this Translation regarding "الْحِد"

ابِشَرٌ ا يُبِشَرٌ أَمُبِشَرٌ =See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for bashashara/youbashsharo/mubasheron

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> The word "village" is feminine in Arabic so its qualifier "this" must be likewise! So both have the [w] indicator!

<sup>22</sup> The "طالين" = "the injustice-doer," as "الثانية" = "injustice!" See the Lexicon attached to this Translation!

<sup>23</sup> The "التاكيد" is a juratory "ل القسم" = "ل" in "ل amounting to " in "لا i.e. affirmation, expressed by "assuredly"!

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> He wished he did not have them, as he was afraid from his people who would abuse them while he is not in a

position to ward off his people from these guests!

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> The expression "straitened by them thar'an (measure/capacity)" is an Arabic tongue expression meaning he could not stand the situation and did not know what to do in this case he was thinking what measures for him to take to protect them, i.e. his capacity to act was limited, by way of protecting "his guest!"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> The word "munzeloona" is plural, masculine subjective noun, meaning the causers of the descending! Hence "munzeloona" has no English equivalent! Descenders= ones that descends, give a different meaning!

S29-Al-Ankaboote 29 سورة العنكبوت

convulsive and perturbing torment) from the sky what ٱلشَّمَآءِ بِمَا they were yafsoqoona (rebelling they vis-à-vis Allah's command). 35. And lagad (verily, already and affirmatively) We left of itw an Aya'tan<sup>w</sup> (miracles/signs/proofs) evident <sup>w</sup> for a reasoning people. 36. And to Madyana<sup>w</sup> their brother Shu'ayban; so [he] said: O, my people let-worship you Z Allah and arjo<sup>28</sup> (let-you<sup>z</sup>: hope/believe/fear) The Day The Last; and not ta'athan<sup>29</sup> (you <sup>z</sup> mischief-hardest) in the land <sup>w</sup> corruptingly/ (as) corrupters. 37. Then denied him they<sup>z</sup>; so took-she<sup>y</sup> them the *rajfato* (Shudder-she<sup>y</sup> / tremor-she<sup>y</sup>); so they <sup>z</sup> became in their homew kneelers. 38. And Aadan and Thamooda and gad (already and affirmatively) evidenced for you b of their dwellings; and adorned for them the Satan their works, so [be] repelled them a'n (off) the path; and they z were mustabsseereena (ponderers/overall evaluator of the facts and their possible consequences). 39. And *Qaroona* and Pharaoh and *Hamana*; and *lagad* (verily, already and affirmatively) came (to) them Mosa (Moses) by the evidences-she<sup>y</sup>; then istakbaro<sup>30</sup> (they <sup>z</sup> had affirmed their <sup>n</sup> standing haughtily above submission) in the land and not they were foregoers. 40. So each, We took by his offense<sup>31</sup>; so of them whom<sup>p</sup> We sent on him a hasseban (stone-storm); and of them whom<sup>p</sup> took-she<sup>y</sup> him the shriek-she<sup>y</sup>; and of them whom p We imploded by him the land w; and of them whom p We drowned; and not [was] Allah to wrong<sup>32</sup> them, [and] but they <sup>z</sup> were (to) their selves wronging. 41. Example/parable (of) whom <sup>r</sup> ittakhatho<sup>33</sup> (took and presumed they z) of lesser than/without Allah aw'leyaa34

<sup>27</sup> The word "نجز" has several meaning, successive: convulsive and perturbing torment! Also it includes Satan's whisper, sin, offense, and idol or worship of idols! See اللسان

<sup>30</sup> See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter w when added to a word!!

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> The expression "اخذه بذنبه" = "took him by his offense" means punished him! In this case He punished them all!

The word "wrongs" has myriads of meanings, among them: curtails or diminishes, as in this Ayah!

32 The word "wrongs" has myriads of meanings, among them: curtails or diminishes, as in this Ayah!

33 The word "أَخُذُ" from "أَخُذُ" which is "أَخُذُ" for "أَخُذُ" as stated in إلاتَّخَانُ" is always taking and presuming some-thing about what was taken! Thus, it is not just the mere taking!

<sup>&</sup>quot;could also mean, among them: protector, friend!" أولياء"

(guardians/allies) as parable/example (of) the spider's w house, ittakha-that <sup>35</sup> (itw took-shey and made) a house; and verily frailest (of) the houses (is) surely the spider's w house, had they were knowing.	ٱخُّذَتْ بَيْتًا وَإِنَّ أُوْهَرِ لَكَ الْمُوْرِ لَكِنْ الْمُوْرِ لَوْ الْمُؤْدِ لَوْ كَانُواْ يَعْلَمُونَ هِ
42. Verily Allah knows what they z invoke of lesser than/without Him of a thing; and He (is) The Mighty, The Hakeemo <sup>36</sup> (infinite hekmah <sup>37</sup> Possessor).	إِنَّ ٱللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا يَدْعُونَ مِن دُونِهِ مِن شَيْء وَهُوَ ٱلْعَزِيز الْعَزِيز الْحَكِيمُ ﴿
43. And <i>telka</i> <sup>w</sup> ( <i>she-that-afar-it</i> <sup>w</sup> / <i>those</i> <sup>w</sup> ) ( <i>are</i> ) the parables/-examples We strike it w for the mankind and not understand it except the knowers.	وَتِلْكَ ٱلْأَمْثَالُ نَضْرِبُهَا لِلنَّاسُ وَمَا يَعْقِلُهَا إِلَّا ٱلْعَالِمُونَ ﴿
44. Created Allah the Heavens <sup>w</sup> and the Earth <sup>w</sup> by the right; verily in <i>tha'leka</i> ( <i>afar-that-it</i> /) <sup>x</sup> ( <i>are</i> ) surely <i>Aya'tan</i> <sup>w</sup> ( <i>miracles/ signs/ proofs</i> ) for the believers.	خَلَقَٱللَّهُ ٱلسَّمَٰ وَ'تِوَالْأَرْضَ بِٱلْحَقِّ إنَّ فِي ذَٰ لِكَ لَاْيَةً لِّلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿
45. Let-recite [you <sup>s</sup> ] what (had been) revealed <sup>38</sup> to you <sup>g</sup> of The Book; and a'qem <sup>39</sup> (let-[you <sup>s</sup> ] uphold/sustain the prescribed obligations of) the Prayer <sup>w</sup> ; verily the Prayer <sup>w</sup> forbids <sup>40</sup> a'n(regarding) the profanity <sup>w41</sup> and the munkara (rationally objectionable or Sharey'ah prohibited deed/say); and surely thekro(Qur'an/mentionof) Allah(is) bigger <sup>42</sup> and Allah knows what tassna'ona (carefully-craft you <sup>2</sup> ).	أَتْلُ مَآ أُوحَى إِلَيْكَ مِنَ الْكِتَابِ وَأَقِمِ الصَّلَوٰةَ النَّ إِنَّ الْكَتَابِ وَأَقِمِ الصَّلَوٰةَ النَّ إِنَّ اللَّهِ الصَّلَوٰةَ تَنْهَىٰ عَنِ الْفَحْشَآءِ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ مَا تَصْنَعُونَ هَ
46. And let-not dispute you <sup>z</sup> the book's folks wexcept by which it we (is) ahsa'no <sup>43</sup> (perfecter and beautifuler), except whom dhalamo <sup>44</sup> (wronged they <sup>2</sup> ) of them; and let-say you z: we believed by what (had been) descended to us and (had been) descended to you <sup>b</sup> ; and our elaho (deity) and your elaho (deity) (is) One, and we (are) for Him Muslims.	أُولَا تُجُندِلُواْ أُهْلَ ٱلْكِتَب إِلَّا بِالَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ بِالَّّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ مِنْهُمْ وَقُولُواْ ءَامَنَا بِالَّذِينَ أُنزِلَ اللَّذِينَ أُنزِلَ إِلَيْنَاوَأُنزِلَ إِلَيْكُمْ وَإِلَيْهُنَا وَإِلَيْهُكُمْ وَاحِدٌ وَخَنْ لَهُ مُسْلَمُونَ
47. And like <i>tha'leka(afar-that-it/)</i> <sup>x</sup> We descended to you <sup>g</sup> The Book <sup>x</sup> ; so whom <sup>r</sup> <i>aa'tayna (We accorded)</i> them The Book <sup>x</sup> they <sup>z</sup> believe by it <sup>x</sup> ; and of these whop [he] believes by it <sup>x</sup> ; and not reject by Our Aya'te (messages/signs/proofs) except the unbelievers.	وَكَذَ لِكَ أَنزَلْنَاۤ إِلَيْكَ ٱلْكِتَبُ فَٱلَّذِينَ ءَاتَيْنَهُمُ ٱلْكِتَبَيُؤْمِنُونَ بِهِۦ وَمِنْ هَنَّوُلآءِ مَن يُؤْمِنُ بِهِۦ وَمَا جَجْحَدُ بِنَا يَنتِنَاۤ إِلَّا ٱلْكَنفِرُونَ ﴿
48. And not you <sup>h</sup> were reciting of before it <sup>x</sup> of a book and not scribe it <sup>x</sup> [you <sup>s</sup> ] by your <sup>t</sup> yamene (right-hand) <sup>w</sup>	وَمَا كُنتُ تِتَلُوا مِن قَبْلُهِ مِن كِنَاهِ مِن كِنَاهِ مِن كِنَاهُ مِن كِنَاهُ مِن كِنَاهُ مِن كِنَاهُ الْم

<sup>&</sup>quot;إحكيم" and "إحكيم" See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for an exposition on the words

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "hekma!"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> The word "أوحى" denotes at least six diverse meanings, all for communicating: gestured, wrote, messaged, inspired, whispered, one cast to another (e.g.: a commanded)! And "الليمان" is fire or king! See

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> That is you<sup>s</sup> must uphold/sustain/maintain all the prescribe obligations of the Prayer!

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> The reader must differentiate between "forbids" and "prevents," i.e. do not mistakenly confuse the two!

<sup>41</sup> The Arabic word used is "فحشاء" = the noun of "فحشاء" see الفحشاء" and "prevents" or "profaneness" means: vulgar or irreverent say or action, i.e. the excess of ugliness in statement or action by an entity, a person or a group, (2) or any of Allah's proscriptions, (3) or fornication (sexual intercourse between partners who are not married to each other) or adultery (voluntary sexual intercourse between a married person and a partner other than the lawful spouse), (3) The ugly excesses of say or action, (4) homosexuality.

<sup>42</sup> The word "أكبر" has dual meanings: bigger (1) in term of size, degree, or intensity; or (2) precedence in terms of Time!

43 There is no English word for الحين = ahsane! Both words perfecter and beautifuler are in their adjective sense!

44 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "فاعل القالم" = "فاعل القالم" = "فاعل القالم" = "wronged"

then surely ( <i>would have</i> ) suspected the falsifiers.	لاَرْتَابَ ٱلْمُبْطِلُونَ 📾
49. Ratherit <sup>x</sup> (is) Aya'ton <sup>w</sup> (Qur'anic statements) evident-she <sup>ym</sup>	بَلِ هُوَ ءَايَنتُ بَيِّنَتُ فِي صُدُور
in chests (of) whom oto (they had been accorded) the	الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا ٱلْعِلْمَ ۚ وَمَا يَجْحَدُ
knowledge; and not reject by Our Aya'tew (=Aya'tonw)	
except the <i>dha'lemoona</i> <sup>45</sup> ( <i>injustice-doers</i> ).	بِعَايَىتِنَآ إِلَّا ٱلظَّلِمُونَ ﴿
50. And they said: lawla (why have not been) descended on	وَقَالُواْ لَوْلا أَنزك عَلَيْهِ ءَايَتُ
him $Aya'ton^w$ (miracles/signs/proofs) from his Lord; let-say [yous]: verily only the $Aya'to^w$ (= $Aya'ton^w$ ) (are)	مِّن رَّبِهِۦ ۗ قُلْ إِنَّمَا ٱلْأَيَتُ عِندَ
enda (by munificence of/ by Rule of) Allah and verily only	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
I am natheeron (iterative warner) manifester.	ٱللَّهِ وَإِنَّمَآ أَنَاْ نَذِيرٌ مُّبِينً
51. Has [and] not sufficed them (that) verily We	أُولَدُ يَكُفِهِدُ أَنَّا أَنزَلْنَا عَلَيْكَ
descended on you <sup>g</sup> The Book (to be / being) recited on	ٱلْكِتَبَ يُتَلَىٰ عَلَيْهِمْ ۚ إِنَّ فِي
them; verily in <i>tha'leka</i> ( <i>afar-that-it</i> /) <sup>x</sup> surely( <i>are</i> ) mercy and reminiscence w/remembrance w <sup>46</sup> for a believing	ذَالِكَ لَرَحْمَةً وَذِكْرَىٰ لِقَوْمِ
people.	يُؤْمِنُونَ ۞
52. Let-say [yous]: sufficed by Allah between me and	قُلْ كَفِي بَاللَّهِ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكُمْ
[between] you b a witnesser/testifier; [He] knows	شَهِيدًا يَعْلَمُ مِا فِي ٱلسَّمَوَاتِ
what ( <i>are</i> )in the Heavens <sup>w</sup> and the Earth <sup>w</sup> ; and who <sup>r</sup>	وَٱلْإِكْرُضِ فِوَالَّذِينِ إِمْالُواْ
they <sup>z</sup> believed by the falsehood and unbelieved they <sup>z</sup>	ا بالبَيطِل وَكفرُوا باللهِ اوْلتَهكَ
by Allah; those, they (are) the losers.	هُمُ ٱلْخَسِرُونَ 🗃
53. And yasta'ajelo <sup>47</sup> (they affirmably hasten) you by the	وَيَسْتَعْجِلُونَكَ بِٱلْعَذَابُ وَلَوْلَآ أَجَلُّ
torment; and lawla(had it not been for) ajalon48 (term-limit)  musamma49 (that which is designated and/or named) surely	مُسَمَّى جُّآءَهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابُ وَلَيَأْتِيَنَّهُم
(would have) come (to) them the torment and surely	
assuredly <sup>50</sup> <i>ya'ateya</i> <sup>x</sup> ( <i>descends/comes to</i> ) <sup>x</sup> them suddenly	بَغْتَةً وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرونَ 🝙
while they perceive not.  54. And <i>yasta'ajelo</i> <sup>51</sup> ( <i>they</i> <sup>2</sup> <i>affirmably hasten</i> ) you <sup>9</sup> by the	6. 6.30 cm 1 2 cm
torment; and verily Hell <sup>w</sup> ( <i>is</i> ) surely a besieger-she <sup>y</sup>	يَسْتَعْجِلُونَكَ بِٱلْعَذَابِ وَإِنَّ
by the unbelievers.	جَهَنَّم لَمُحِيطُةُ بِٱلْكَفِرِينَ ٢
55. Day overlies them the torment from above them	يَوْمَ يَغْشَلهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابُ مِن فَوْقِهِمْ
and from beneath their feet w; and $[He/he]^{52}$ says:	وَمِن تَحْتِ أَرْجُلهمْ وَيَقُولُ ذُوقُوا
let-taste you <sup>z</sup> what you <sup>c</sup> were working.	مَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ 🚍
56. O, My eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves), who	يَعِبَادِيَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوۤاْ إِنَّ أَرْضِي
believed they <sup>z</sup> verily My Earth <sup>w</sup> ( <i>is</i> ) vast <sup>w</sup> ; so <i>eyyaya</i> <sup>53</sup> ( <i>indeed particularize Me</i> ), so let-worship [ <i>Me</i> ] <sup>54</sup> you <sup>z</sup> .	وَاسِعَةٌ فَإِيَّنَ فَأَعَبُدُونِ ﴿
57. Each self w (is) the death taster-she y; afterwards to	كُلُّ نَفْس ذَآبِقَةُ ٱلْمَوْتِ ثُمَّ
Us you <sup>z</sup> (are to be) returned.	اللهنا تُرْجَعُونَ ﴾

 $<sup>^{45}</sup>$  The "ظالون" = "the injustice-doer," as "לוופט" = "injustice!

<sup>46</sup> The word "فكرى" is "reminiscence/remembrance" based on this great Ayah, "And if the Satan (causes) youg to assuredly forget then sit not, after [the] reminiscence/remembrance" (5 6: 68).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for the effect of the letter when added to a word! <sup>48</sup> The word "الأجل" means term-limit, see

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> The word "musamma" is masculine, singular, subjective noun, meaning: that which is designated and/or named!

<sup>50</sup> The "ل " in "لياتين" is a juratory "لياتين" amounting to= "لياتين"," i.e. affirmation, expressed by "assuredly"

<sup>51</sup> See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter when added to a word!

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> The hidden pronoun in "[He/he]" = "says" could be for Allah or the angel in charge to do the job!

<sup>53</sup> The word "إياي" = "says" could be for Allah or the angel in charge to do the job!

<sup>54</sup> The letter "ن" in "فاعبدون" by Arabic (linguistic) Rule, is called "غاعبدون" in "فاعبدون" in "أي" which precedes the speaker's pronoun "إي" The speaker's pronoun "ي" is omitted, for "التخفيف" is omitted, for "التخفيف" إعراب القرآن، لمحمود صافي See "القرآن، لمحمود صافي See "التخفيف" is omitted, for "عراب القرآن، لمحمود صافي see "التخفيف"

58. And who believed they and worked the righteous-وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُهِ أَوْعَمِلُهِ أَ ٱلصَّالِحَيت works w they z surely 55 nobawwe'a ([We] deservedly ensconce) م مِّنَ ٱلْحُنَّة غُرَفًا تَجِّري them of the Paradise w chambers w running from beneath it w the rivers; immortals they z (are) in it w; ne'ama (most excellent) (is) the workers' remuneration. 59. Who ssabaro (they held on patiently) and on their Lord thev<sup>z</sup> trust. 60. And how many of a dabba'ten<sup>56</sup> (she-moving-creature), كَأَيِّن مِّن دَآيَّةِ لَّا تَحْمِلُ رِزْقُهَا not carries its w provision; Allah provides it w and eyyakum<sup>57</sup> (indeed including you b); and He (is) The Sameeo<sup>58</sup> (The Acute-Hearer/The Enabler of others to يَرْزُقَهَا وَإِيَّاكُمْ وَهُوَ ٱلسَّمِيعُ hear/favorable Answerer to prayer) The Omniscient. 61. And la'en (indeed if) asked them youh: Whoa created وَلَمِن سَأَلْتَهُم مَّنْ خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَـوَاتِ the Heavens w and the Earth w and subjugated the sun w and the moon x; surely they z assuredly 59 say وَٱلْأُرْضَ وَسَخْرَ ٱلشَّمْسَ وَٱلْقَمَرَ Allah; so wherefrom<sup>60</sup> yo'afakona<sup>61</sup> (are: off-right لَيَقُولُنَّ ٱللَّهُ فَأَنَّىٰ يُؤْفَكُونَ ﴿ dissuaded/ dissuaded speciously theyz). 62. Allah yabsotto (swells/expands) [He] the rez'gax (provision-ٱللَّهُ يَبْسُطُ ٱلرِّزْقَ لِمَن يَشَآء مِنْ /victuals for sustenance) x for whom P [He] wills of His عِبَادِه وَيَقْدِر لَهُرَ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهُ بِكُلِّ، eba'de(worshippers/submitters/slaves) and [He] constricts for him; verily Allah by everything (is) Omniscient. 63. And la'en (indeed if) asked them youh: Who anazzala وَلَيِن سَأَلْتَهُم مَّن نَزُّلَ مِر ﴾ ٱلسَّمَآءِ ([He] iteratively descended) from the sky water then مَآءً فَأُحْيَا بِهِ ٱلْأَرْضَ مِنْ بَعْدِ [He] quickened by it the land from after its death; مَوْتِهَا لَيَقُولُنَّ ٱللَّهُ ۚ قُل ٱلْحَمْدُ surely assuredly<sup>62</sup> they <sup>z</sup> say: Allah; let-say [you<sup>s</sup>]: the لله يَالُ أَكُثُرُهُمْ لَا يَعْقِلُونَ 🐑 praise(is) for Allah; rather most(of) them reason not. 64. And not this with e world's wlife wexcept an amusement وَمَا هَٰٰذِهِ ٱلۡحَيَٰوٰةُ ٱلدُّٰنِيَآ إِلَّا لَهُوٌّ and a play; and verily the Hereafter's home surely وَلَعِبُ وَإِرِ . ﴾ ٱلدَّارَ ٱلْأَخِرَةَ لَهِيَ it (is) the hayawan (deathless life /living) had they آلْحَيُّوانُ لُوْ كَانُو أَيْعُلُّمُورِ ﴾ were knowing. 65. Then if they z embarked in the folke (ship) they z كِبُواْ فِي ٱلْفُلِّكِ دَعُواْ ٱللَّهُ invoked Allah faithfully/purely for Him the مُخْلَصِينَ لَهُ ٱلدِّينَ فَلَمَّا خَبِّنهُمْ إِلَى religion<sup>63</sup>; then *lamma* (when/whence) najjahom ([He] iteratively delivered them) to the desert<sup>64</sup> (land), edha ٱلۡبِرِّ إِذَا هُمۡ يُشۡرِكُونَ 🚭 (suddenly/surprisingly) they partner (deities with Him).

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<sup>&</sup>quot;ل القسم" = "ل" in "اليقولن" or in "لنبوننهم" or in "اليقولن" in the next Ayah 61, Ayah63 or Ayah 69 below are juratory" "الله amounting to= "التأكيد" i.e. affirmation, expressed by "assuredly"

<sup>56</sup> For lack of a better term I chose a "she-moving-creature" for "دابة," as a simple "she-creature" (alone) will not do, because a "rock" is a "she-creature" but it does not have apparent motility!

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup> The word "إيّاي," = an article of intensity for an objective pronoun!

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup> See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for this multi-meaning word "Same'o"= "المسمع"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> See footnote 53 above regarding اليقولن

<sup>60</sup> The word "أنّى" is a multi-meaning adverbial particle: wherefrom, when, how-so, where!

<sup>11</sup> The word "يوفكون" means they are dissuaded to divert to an improper path away from the right, they get persuaded by specious concoction!

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>62</sup> See footnote 53 above regarding اليقوان

<sup>63</sup> Absolutely submitting to Him with respect to all the prescription and proscription of the religion!

<sup>64</sup> The word "البَر" = "البَر" (القفار، أي الخلاء من الأرض" = "البَر" i.e. furthest from any body of water! Also, "البر" figuratively speaking could stand for "land!" See

66. To unbelieve/(be)-ungrateful they by what aa'tayna ا بِمَا ءَاتِنْنَهُمْ وَلَيْتُمَتَّعُهُ أ (We accorded) them and to/let<sup>65</sup> yatamatta'aona(relish the temporary worldly delights they z); then they will know. 67. Have [and] not they z seen (that) surely We made a sanctuary aa'me'nan (that which is secured) while (to be/being) abducted/snatched the mankind from around them; do then by the falsehood they z believe and by Allah's boon w66 they z unbelieve-/(be)-ungrateful. 68. And who<sup>a</sup> (is) wronger than who<sup>p</sup> iftra([he] crafted a lie ممِّن ٱفْتَرَىٰ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ for fraudulent end) on Allah a lie or denied [he] by the right lamma (when/whence) it came (to) him; is not in Hell w a mathwa<sup>67</sup> (forced: long-term/semi-permanent-abode) for the unbelievers. 69. And who r jahado (they z exerted their utmost mental/ physical and possessional efforts fighting/striving in Allah's cause) in Us, surely We assuredly<sup>68</sup> divinely-guide them Our paths; and verily Allah (is) surely with the benefactors.

66 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "ne'amah" ("boon")!

<sup>65</sup> The word "ليتمتّعوا" could carry double meanings: (1) simply to enjoy-the-transitory-worldly-delights; or (2) it is an actual command to let them, *enjoy-the-transitory-worldly-delights* but later they will pay for that!

<sup>67</sup> In "مثوی": «هاك = "فوی": and "مثوی" in The Qur'an overwhelmingly is joined with Hell! So, whoever is in the "مثوی" is there by force of his/her circumstances and not by his/her choice per se! So, mathwa-abode is an obligatory one and so "forced: long-term/semi-permanent-abode" seems to me rather appropriate!

<sup>68</sup> See footnote 53 except here for النهدينهم